

Poetry.

REST AT LAST.

After the shower, the tranquil sun;
Silver stars when the day is done.
After the snow, the emerald leaves;
After the harvest, golden sheaves;
After the clouds, the violet sky;
Quiet woods when the wind goes by;
After the tempest, the lull of waves;
After the battle, peaceful graves;
After the knell, the wedding bells;
Joyful greetings from afar;
After the bud, the radiant rose;
After our weeping, sweet repose;
After the burden, the blissful need;
After the furrow, the waking seed;
After the flight, the downy rest;
Over the shadowy river—rest.

This is the popular refrain among the officers, crews and passengers on board the racing steamboats on the Mississippi.

For we'll give her a little more rosin,
And open her blower wide,
To show them the way to Natchez,
Running against the tide.
Oh! a little more rosin, do—
A little more pitch and pine!
Throw in a can of glycerine
And a barrel of turpentine.

Miscellaneous.

AN INFANT 2,200 FEET UNDER GROUND.

Virginia City (Nev.) Enterprise.
Bessie, little daughter of F. F. Osborn, Superintendent of the Savage Mine, night before last took such a journey as was probably never taken before in the world's history by a child of her age. She has time and again begged her father, whose business takes him to the mine daily, to allow her to accompany him into the wonderful regions of the underground world. So persistent and earnest has she been in the matter that her father finally concluded to take her down into the lower levels and allow her to see the things about which her imagination seemed to be so much excited. Accordingly, night before last he took her with him to the 2,200 foot level. The first part of the little "explorer's" journey was a vertical plunge (by cage) toward the earth's center of 1,300 feet; she then took passage on the tank "grate" running on the incline, and descended at an angle of forty-five degrees, until she was landed 2,200 feet below the surface of the earth. Bessie will be four years of age next month, and there is little doubt, can truthfully say she stood further below the light of day than any one of her years since the creation of the world. The infant expert was led through the drifts of the 2,200 foot level, and was delighted with all she saw. On observing the tiny creature led along the drifts toward them, the picks fell from the hands of some of the miners, and they stared and gazed with staring eyes and relaxed jaws, believing that at last one of the fairies of the mine, about which they had heard so much, had actually been captured by their sagacious superintendent. Such an apparition no man among them had ever seen in any mine, or had ever dreamt of seeing, as a little four-year old girl "padding" about the drifts. At the sight some of the miners are said to have been observed to hastily cross themselves. The child showed no sign of fear while in the mine, not even when being dropped down the dark and dripping shaft, and the only approach to trepidation exhibited by her during the trip was when she was mounted upon the grate; she then said, "Papa, take hold of my hand!"

HUMOR IN NEWSPAPERS.

There is a great difference between American and English newspapers. The latter, while aiming to be truthful, dignified and impersonal, are heavy and dull. The American newspapers, while giving the whole length of news-gathering enterprise, deal space for "spice" and nearly all have their little "squeals" in the editorial columns, and departments of light paragraphs, original and selected, with some such heads as "Fads and Ends," "All Sorts," "Chaff," "Follies," "Varieties," "Jocosities" or "Fun." Our weeklies, especially, devote a fair share of space to the "rich" things that are going to the news, and many of the very best in each issue are columns of humorous paragraphs as productive of healthful mirth as a first-class comedy. I believe that the American newspapers do no great harm by making their readers smile; but if it is an offense so to do, it is one of which the English press is seldom guilty. True, the English have their humorous papers, such as *Punch*, *Judy* and *Fun*, which occasionally "get off" good things, but taking them one day with another, they are very grave compared with the American humorous papers. If you pay three-pence for *Punch*, and if you get your "three penn'orth" of fun out of it, you certainly get a dollar's worth of the article out of a ten-cent American humorous paper. I have been led to make these comparisons because an English gentleman not long since saw fit to inform me that the papers "at home" were incomparably superior to the American papers, adding, in a bantering way: "Why, in England, we laugh at the American papers!" Upon the suggestion that probably they "did laugh at our humorous papers, which was more than he could do at the English humorous papers," he manifested a lively disposition to change the subject, and exhibited sudden and wonderful interest in the weather, which he remarked was "bloody hot."—*Secrets of the Sanction.*

OUR LAND AND OUR LABORERS.

The census of 1870 shows 2,760,000 farms in the United States, and the average farms of 153 acres, and 21,280,000 people engaged in farming. Of farms between 20 and 50 acres, there were 548,000; between 50 and 150 acres, 754,000. The total value of farms was \$9,263,000,000 and the total of farming implements and machinery was \$36,878,429. These farms produced 761,000,000 bushels of corn, 288,000,000 bushels of wheat, 282,000,000 bushels of oats, 17,000,000 bushels of rye, 30,000,000 bushels of barley and 10,000,000 bushels of buckwheat; and, besides these, 3,000,000 bales of cotton, each averaging 400 pounds; 27,000,000 pounds of flax, and nearly 13,000 tons of hemp. The farmers mowed and cured, in 1870, 27,000,000 tons of hay, and raised 25,000,000 pounds of hops, 73,000,000 pounds of rice and 263,000,000 pounds of tobacco. Louisiana and Texas produced 87,000 hogsheads of sugar and 24,000,000 gallons of molasses. Of maple sugar there were raised 28,000,000 pounds; of Irish potatoes, 143,000,000 bushels. These, in brief, are some of our important products, and indicate that no country in the world—even for soil, climate or diversity of crops—can compare with it.

"Hallo, Pat! What's the matter? Is there anybody ill here?" said a gentleman to an Irish laborer, who was engaged laying out in front of Fishmonger's Hall. "No, sir," replied Pat, "there's nobody ill here but there's a lot of patients for the hospital. There is to be a mighty fine dinner here this evening."

NEWS AND VARIETY.

It was observed of a deceased lawyer that he had left but few effects; to which a lady remarked that "he had but few causes."

Curran was once asked by one of his brother judges: "Do you see anything ridiculous in this wog?" "Nothing but the head," was the reply.

At a recent dinner in the mountains of Spain, given to Don Carlos, the principal toast, "Viva King Charles VII!" was drunk standing. The King himself, it is added, was drunk sitting.

"What kind of a man is Squire Simmonds, anyway?" "Well, you've seen them snow storms along early in winter, when there's a good deal of wind and not much sleighing? That's the sort he is."

A young man searching for his father's pig, accented an Irishman as follows: "Have you seen a stray pigabon here?" To which Pat responded, "Faix, and how could I tell a stray pig from any other?"

A gentleman was examining an umbrella and commenting upon its fine quality. "Yes," said a person present, "he fancies everything he sees." "And," added a third party, "is inclined to seize everything he fancies."

A Down-Easter, while traveling in the West, happened on one of its representative tavern-keepers, of whom he asked what could be furnished for dinner? "Anything from a snipe to an elephant," was the reply. "I will take a piece of elephant," said the Down-Easter. "You will have to take a whole one," was the rejoinder; "we never cut them."

There are now eight pin factories in the United States, which make 47,000,000 pins daily. In addition to these the importation of pins reach 25,000,000 daily. As these are all easily sold, it is safe to say that 72,000,000 of pins are lost daily, or 50,000 every minute. Where they all go is the wonder. This wonder was long ago set at rest. They are swept up upon the ground and become terra-pins.

The laws are generally equal to all circumstances. In order to get jurymen whose minds have not been made up, men are selected with very little mind to make up.

The Duke of Norfolk, who paid too little attention to his personal appearance, called on Abernethy and sought to learn the cause of his ailments. "Did your grace ever try a clean shirt?" asked the doctor.

It was computed by the late Mr. Mayhew, in his work on the "London Poor," that during the months of October and November, or what is termed the costermonger's fish season, 800,000,000 herrings are disposed of in the streets of London alone.

Is this the way to Aberdeen? asked a gentleman of a man who was breaking stones. "No, whar did you come frae?" was the thoroughly Scotch answer. "What business is it of yours where I came from?" returned the gentleman, angrily. "On, jist as muckle as it is whar ye're goun," replied the lapidary, quietly resuming his occupation.

HOUSEHOLD CONVENIENCES A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

In speaking of the comparative comforts and conveniences enjoyed by our ancestors in their homes a thousand years ago, with their descendants of this generation, Dr. Nichols, in the Boston *Journal of Commerce*, says: "Our fathers were groping in almost utter darkness, so far as a knowledge of the sciences was concerned, and but little progress had been made in invention and the arts scarcely one of the modern contrivances for cooking and for warming and lighting dwellings was known. Not a pound of coal or a cubic foot of illuminating gas had been burned in the country. No iron stoves were used, and no contrivances for economizing heat was employed until Dr. Franklin invented the iron frame fire place, which bears his name. All the cooking and warming in town and country was done by the aid of fire kindled upon the brick hearth or in the brick oven. Fine knots or tallow candles furnished the light for the long winter evenings, and sanded floors supplied the place of rugs and carpets. The water used for household purposes was drawn from deep wells by the creaking 'sweep,' and it is a curious circumstance that both the well and the building meeting the necessity of a water closet were often at long distances from the house. On a cold night, to be called toward either, was something dreadful to think of. No form of pump was used in this country, so far as we learn, until after the commencement of the present century. There were no friction matches in those early days, by the aid of which a fire could be speedily kindled; and if the fire 'went out' on the hearth over night, and the tinder was damp, so that the spark would not 'catch,' the alternative remained of wading through the snow a mile or so to borrow a brand of a neighbor. Only room in any house was warmed, (unless some one of the family were ill); in all the rest the temperature was at zero during many nights in winter. The men and women of a hundred years ago undressed and retired to their beds at night in an atmosphere colder than that of our modern barns and woodsheds, and they never complained."

OLD JOHN ADAMS REMARKED, IN A LETTER TO COLONEL JOSEPH WARD:

"It will be eternally in vain to talk of public credit until we turn to a pure, un-mixed circulation of standard gold and silver. There can never be a government of laws in money matters without a fixed, philosophical and mathematical standard. Contracts can never be inviolable without a staple standard. England and Holland have been models in this respect. I will venture to say there is not a village in the seven provinces in which this subject is not better understood than it is in any part of America. There is not a Burgomaster, Pensionary, Councilor or Schepman—and there are near 5,000 of them—who does not understand this subject better than Hamilton did, and who has not a more sacred regard to the scientific principles and standard of it."

GENERAL GORDON'S WIT.

If Senator Gordon never makes an other speech in reply to Mr. Morton's endless harangues, it will not matter much, for in one short sentence he has impaled his adversary upon a witicism that will outlive all speeches. Addressing his friends in Atlanta the other day, after urging upon them the necessity for patience and courage, he added: "You have now no purely political contest, but you must still wage the endless warfare of Christian soldiers with the world, the flesh, and—the Senator from Indiana."

ABOUT ONE NELSON DIRIGES.

Nelson Dirges, who was recently sentenced to the Illinois State Penitentiary for passing counterfeit money at Springfield, was an old offender in that line of business. We remember Dirges over thirty years ago, when we resided at Cadiz, he then being a prominent and wealthy merchant at Deersville, Harrison county. He was a man of fine appearance and good address—stately, shrewd and daring. Although suspected by most of his neighbors of being engaged in dealing in counterfeit money, he was too cunning to be caught in the act—always having confederates who acted under his direction. One of his pals was captured and confined in the Cadiz jail, but Dirges managed to effect his escape. He drove from Deersville to Wheeling, (a distance of over forty miles) one afternoon, and there procured all the tools necessary to cut the iron grating of the window of the cell where his chum was confined. He returned to Cadiz the same night, put a ladder up to the window, dropped in the tools, and was off for Deersville behind his fast horse, ready for business before his neighbors were up in the morning. Although the citizens of Cadiz had intimations of Dirges' plans, and a watch was kept around the prison, yet the jail bird got out, escaped from his pursuers and hid himself in a cornfield just north of the town. Several attempts were made to bring Dirges to justice, but being an influential man and a leading Whig politician, it was easy for him to crush all opposition. We lost sight of the man entirely, until we heard of his little misfortune out in Illinois.—*Mr. Vernon Banner.*

BRAINS IN TIME OF PERIL.

The Grand Theatre at Vienna was crowded. The Emperor Francis, with several members of his family, was in the imperial box. The play, Schiller's "Robbers," had reached its third act, when a cry arose that the stage was on fire. Emile Devrient signalled at once to the proprietor, who lowered the curtain. The actor, stepping in front of it ere it wholly fell, in clear, clarion voice, said: "The Emperor has been deputed to the aid of a cigarette of diamonds. No honest person will object to being searched. You will pass out one by one at each entrance, and be searched by the police stationed at the several doors. Any man attempting to go out of order will be arrested. The crowd, deceived by the coolness and the charge, poured out. As each reached the door he was simply told to hurry on, and just as the last row of the upper gallery were filing out, the flames burst through the curtain. But not a life was lost, though in less than an hour afterward the building was in ruins.—*From the Graphic.*

The power of gunpowder is shown by a recent writer in the *Revue Scientifique*. The velocity of a shell leaving the cannon is 1,300 feet per second. The height from which the projectile would have to fall to acquire this is 29,800 feet; consequently the power of the powder is equal to 210,000 foot-pounds. The lead evolved by the combustion of 114 pounds of powder is equal to 340-7 calories. The mechanical work of this amount of heat is 1,050,000 foot-pounds.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

We find the following contents in *The Edinburgh Review* for January, lately republished by the LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO., 41 Barclay Street, New York, contains as follows:

1. Scottish Statesmen of the Revolution: The Dalrymples.
2. Army Recruitment.
3. The Two Amperes.
4. Grotius's notion of James I.
5. Wagner and the Modern Theory of Music.
6. Post Office Telegraphs.
7. Iceland's Life of Casanbon.
8. Patten's and his Explorers.
9. The Suez Canal.

In the first article the lives of Lord Stair and his son, Sir John Dalrymple, men eminent in law, literature, and diplomacy, are briefly narrated, the writer particularly dwelling on their services in establishing Presbyterianism in Scotland, and in promoting the union with England. In discussing the article "The Two Amperes," another distinguished father and son, whose lives are here outlined. Pictures of French manners, and especially of *salon life* in Paris, under the auspices of Madame Recamier, are intermingled with a well-written narrative of the career and character of these two remarkable men.

The fourth paper commences with a few rapers at a recent review by the *London Quarterly*, and then takes up the policy of the Commis in the reign of Charles I. Much of historical interest will here be found relating to the rise of the High Church party, the intention of the House of Commons in passing the celebrated Petition of Right in 1628, and the right of the Crown to raise subsidies.

Wagner has of late been so conspicuous in the musical world, that the readers of the *Edinburgh Review* will be glad to find an exposition of that reformer's theory and practice, which are in direct conflict with popular notions—as for instance, in designating tone and rhythm as non-essential qualities of music. The article abounds with minute criticisms and illustrations taken from Wagner's works, and discusses the relations between music and the drama, with no inclination to indorse that composer's theories.

The short article on Post Office Telegraphs gives an account of many gross irregularities. "Patten's Life of Casanbon," which was reviewed at length in the *British Quarterly Review* for October, furnishes the subject of an article in the review before us. It forms a very readable biographical sketch, culled from the literary portraits with minute social details.

In "Iceland and its Explorers" we are surprised to find our friend Capt. Burton, of African fame, who would be supposed to be more at home in a desert than on a glacier. However, his report, of which a detailed account is here given, is backed to contain everything that the reader "can require to know of Iceland."

Respecting the Suez Canal purchase, the reviewer does not deem it advantageous, either in a financial or political point of view; fears it will give rise to embarrasment; in fact, thinks that the Government were rather hasty, and took too great responsibility.

The periodicals published by the LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO., 41 Barclay Street, N.Y., are as follows: *The London Quarterly*, *Edinburgh Review*, and *British Quarterly Review* and *Blackwood's Magazine*. Price, \$1 a year for any one, or only \$5 for all, and the postage is prepaid by the Publishers.

Farm for Sale.

Best Farm in Portage County for Sale. Situated in the west part of Brimfield township, near the line of Summit county, containing 137 1/2 acres, in a good state of cultivation, a good, well-shedded barn, a well-shedded house, a two-story barn, and a well-shedded house, and all the necessary out buildings, an orchard of the choicest variety of fruit, one and a half miles to the post office, three and one-fourth miles to the nearest station on the Atlantic & Great Western R.R., and six miles to the nearest city. The soil is rich and fertile, the best wheat market in the State. Any person having money to deposit in a bank will be sold at a reasonable price. Address above. CHARLES WALDRON.

WILLIAM J. PIERO,

Attorney at Law,
Justice of the Peace.

Office—New Cassidy Block, (up stairs), East Tuscarawas street, Canton, Ohio. (May 6 754.)
HENRY H. TRUMP, Canton, Ohio, Notary Public. I have a large number of copies of complete abstracts furnished or records searched to any desired time, at reasonable rates. Address as above. (Feb 24 76 17)

HARDWARE.

Sherrick & Miller,
Hardware & Iron Store
IN GEIGER'S BLOCK,
14 1-2 East Tuscarawas Street,
CANTON, OHIO.

NEW GOODS
And Enlarged Stock at Panic Prices.

We beg leave to say to our many customers that we are now prepared to sell a large proportion of leading goods of the best make, at big reductions, and to keep on hand, for sale a fine assortment of
General Hardware, Farm Implements &c
Carriage and Harness Trimmings, Carpenters and Blacksmiths' Tools, Iron, Nails, Springs and Axle, Doors, Sash, and Glass, Oils, Varnishes and Putty of all kinds, Best Wood Work, Hubbs and Spokes, Sled and Cutter Material.
PUMPS FOR ALL DEPTH WELLS UP TO FIFTY FEET.
Water Cement, Plaster Paris (for Plasterers), Rubber and Hemp Packing, Ropes and Twine, Brushes of all kinds, Floor, Table, Stair & Carriage Oil Cloth, Best Oak Tanned Belting, etc.
SUMMER AND WINTER LAD ROBES OF ALL KINDS.
Table and Pocket Cutlery, Picture Moulding and Frames made to order, sewing Machine Needles for all kinds of Sewing Machines, Carriage Oil at wholesale, sale and retail.
BUCKEYE HORSE RAKES, CHIEF, NELLIS' HARPON HAY FORKS.
Cedar Buckets, Tubs and Churns, and the Self-Rectifying Churn, and a great variety of other articles which we offer at reasonable prices both at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Feb 17-76

LEGAL.

Attachment Notice.

Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio: Catherine Kaufman, against Abraham C. Kaufman. In attachment. The said Abraham C. Kaufman, who resides at Mill Hill, Clinton county, Pennsylvania, is hereby notified that the said Catherine Kaufman, on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1876, filed her petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Stark county, Ohio, against him, asking for a judgment for the sum of one hundred dollars, and interest thereon from the 10th day of June, 1875, on a promissory note for \$100, made by said defendant to one Rachel Ann Kaufman on the 10th day of June, 1875, and payable on the 10th day of June, 1876, in the above action, and that she obtained one-half part of the west half of lot No. 38 in the city of Canton, Stark county, Ohio, is or before the third Saturday after the 17th day of March, A. D. 1876, UNDEFILED & LAMM, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Partition Notice.

David R. Wertz vs John Wertz and others, in Partition. John Wertz of Wayne county, Ohio, Carl Wollner, Wertz, Charles Wertz, Franklin P. Wertz, William H. Wertz, and Ericella W. Wertz, of Stark county, Ohio, Elizabeth Flickinger and Jacob Flickinger, and Henry M. Wertz of Wayne county, Ohio; Harriet Grove and V. S. Grove, of Morrow county, Ohio; Ellen Chaley and Henry E. Chaley of Knox county, Ohio; George W. Wertz, of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania; and W. E. Oberlin, Executor of Sarah Wertz, late of Stark county, Ohio, deceased, will take notice that a petition was filed against them on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1876, in the Court of common pleas of Stark county, Ohio, by David R. Wertz, and is now pending, wherein said David R. Wertz demands partition of the following described real estate situate in Stark county, Ohio, to-wit: The south west quarter of section 5 township 12, range 10, containing 164 acres more or less and that said petition is for an order of partition on the 19th day of March, 1876, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard. UNDEFILED & LAMM, Attys for Plaintiff.

INSURANCE.

OHIO FARMER'S INSURANCE CO.

Losses paid in Stark County, for Year 1875:
Isaac Steese, Hols, Perry tp..... \$3,215 60
T. W. McQue, Lawrence tp..... 2,888 85
Sarah Bonfield, damage, Canton..... 21 16
Fulton Mining Co, Lawrence tp..... 70 50
Jacob R. Stauffer, Canton tp..... 29 00
J. B. Myers, Canton tp..... 1,800 00
Daniel Yant, Pike tp..... 1,800 00
A. C. Cutler, Bethlehem tp..... 329 75
Mary A. Fox, Tuscarawas tp..... 9 00
Cyrus Young, Lawrence tp..... 3 00
Total..... \$11,111 86

Statement and Business of Company for the Fiscal Year Ending September 29, 1875.

Cash Income..... \$95,750 00
Losses for the year..... 194,609 00
Expenses..... 22,105 76
Cash Assets..... 799,906 51
Interest Accrued..... 38,093 40
Number of Policies issued, 25,700.
You will see our interest account pays all expenses of the Company and leaves a balance of \$11,000 10 pay loss.

E. W. AMSDEN, Agent.

Office in Harter's Block, over Zoller's Store. E. W. AMSDEN, Agent for the TRULY LIFE INSURANCE CO., and the TRULY LIFE ASSOCIATION, and can give you LIFE Insurance at actual cost. We are issuing more policies than all other companies in the State. I will give you a good live agent in every neighborhood. Call and see me, or address, E. W. AMSDEN, Canton, Ohio.

HORSE SHOEING, &c.

REMEMBER

The New Eagle Blacksmith Shop on Third St, between Poplar and Plum, A good and reliable place for any part of the trade. Particular attention paid to

HORSE SHOEING

and all kinds of

DISEASED FEET

All sorts of repairing done and new work made to order. Prices and work warranted to give satisfaction. Give me a call. J. BERG.

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CANTON, OHIO.

1. P. MCGINITY, Proprietor,

PRACTICAL HORSE SHOEER.

Corner Walnut and Fifth Street, Canton, O. MAKE FOURTEEN DIFFERENT KINDS OF SHOES fitted to all kinds of distressed Feet. Particular attention paid to shoeing Horses with Corns, Gravel, Quarter Cracks, Sand Cracks, Separation of the Foot, Thrushes, Split Hoofs, Flat Feet, Contracted Feet, &c.

Particular attention paid to Over-reaching. In repairing and tendering Hoofed Horses, Private Trotting and Team Horses shod in the most superior manner, and satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. 167-1

FOR SALE.

For Sale or Exchange,

A property on South Walnut street, south of Charles in House, addition to the city of Canton, Ohio. The house contains seven rooms, good cellar with good water and cistern about 35 barrels of fruit, apples and cherries, and other berries, raspberries, gooseberries and currants in abundance. A good new stable, chicken house with good yard attached, lot 20 by 126 feet. Also two lots in Joseph Myers' addition. Will sell a part or all reasonable or will exchange for a small improved farm in Stark county, or for business with some improvements. Can give good reasons for selling. For further particulars call on or address LEVI H. STANB, Feb 17 76

Desirable Property for Sale.

A good lot on North Walnut street forty-one feet front, and a good story and a half dwell'g house located thereon, can be bought at a bargain. The house contains eight rooms, well, cistern and summer kitchen and stable on the premises. This property will be sold at a reasonable price. Inquire at this office or at the premises, 36 North Walnut street, O. F. CLAUSER, Feb 17-76

BANKS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
—OF—
Canton, Ohio,
No. 1 Eagle Block, Corner Public Square
CAPITAL, \$100,000. SURPLUS, \$80,000.
Gold Silver Government and Railroad Bonds Bought and sold.
BUY AND SELL DRAFTS ON ALL PRINCIPAL CITIES IN THE U. S. Also IN ENGLAND, FRANCE, AUSTRIA, SCOTLAND, GERMANY, &c.
SELL PASSAGE TICKETS TO AND FROM EUROPE.
Farmers and others having Money for which they have no immediate use, will do well to leave it here on deposit for safety, and if left for a definite time, interest will be allowed.

COLLECTIONS MADE ON ALL PARTS OF THE U. S.
All business done on reasonable terms.
LEVI H. MILLER, Cashier.
C. AULTMAN, LEWIS MILLER, JOHN F. RAY, NOLDS, GEO. COOK, JACOB MILLER, March 20, 73.

BANK
—OF—
G. D. HARTER & BRO.
In Stone Banking House, East Tuscarawas Street.
ENGLISH AND GERMAN SPOKEN
Bank open from 8 A. M. to 3 P. M. and on Saturdays evenings from 6 1/2 to 8 1/2 P. M.

DEAL IN
GOLD, SILVER,
—AND—
Government Bonds.
American and Foreign Drafts Bought and Sold.
Accounts Solicited.
Interest Allowed
—ON—
TIME DEPOSITS.
Passage Tickets to and from Europe
FOR SALE.
GEORGE D. HARTER & BRO.
Feb. 17 76
ISAAC HARTER. ISAAC HARTER, JR.

SAVINGS DEPOSIT BANK.

Bank Block, West side Public Square, CANTON, OHIO.
This bank is doing a general
Exchange Deposit
—AND—
DISCOUNT BUSINESS.
Money Loaned.
PROMISSORY NOTES BOUGHT.
GOLD, SILVER AND BANK NOTES
All kinds of
Government Bonds and Revenue Stamps
On hand and for sale.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED
And interest allowed on time deposits. The pub will find us prompt and accommodating.
ISAAC HARTER & SON
H. R. WISE. G. F. HANE
EXCHANGE BANK
—OF—
H. R. WISE & CO.
In the old bank room.
TRUMP'S BLOCK,
Opposite St. Cloud Hotel, Canton, Ohio.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS
COLLECTIONS MADE ON ALL PARTS OF THE UNITED STATES.
MONEY LOANED.
Gold, Silver, Promissory Notes, Government Bonds and other Securities bought and sold.
H. R. WISE & CO.

PICTURE GALLERY.

Having sold my interest in the Exchange Bank to Messrs H. R. Wise & Co. I cordially recommend the Exchange Bank to all who have deposits and all others transacting business with their line.
J. C. SMITH, M. A. HURFORD.

PICTURE GALLERY.

\$2.00 Will Buy
12 PHOTOGRAPHS
—AT—
COURTNEY'S.
Above Keplinger's Dry Goods Store.
PRARIE MOWER KNIFE GRIDER.
THE PRAIRIE
MOWER KNIFE GRINDER
Is the best tool in the market for sharpening Harvester Knives, Paper Cutters, Planing Machine Knives, and all other edge tools that are difficult to grind on a revolving stone. Price \$3 00.
ILLUSTRATED CIRCULARS of Har Knives Sections, Patent Farm Bells, Ladders, Rabbit Met, etc., sent free. Address,
HENRY FISHER, CANTON, O.
dec 16-76
Notice.
OFFICE OF VALLEY RAILWAY CO., CLEVELAND, O., February 7, 1876.
Notice is hereby that this Company will sell at public auction, on Saturday, March 11, 1876, at 11 o'clock a. m., at the office of the Company, No. 127 1/2 Water street, Cleveland, Ohio, 250 shares of the capital stock for the redemption due thereon, being the following stock subscriptions on which installments are due and unpaid, viz:
Names. Shares. Names. Shares.
Plumpton Hall..... 2 T. C. Nighman..... 20
Geo. E. Baldwin..... 20 Geo. W. Neils..... 20
Andrew Brechfield..... 20 Simon N. Nye..... 20
Wm. Barry..... 20 F. C. Thompson..... 20
J. C. Barthard..... 20 E. C. Packer..... 1
John Barry..... 20 John Phillip..... 1
Robert Cassidy..... 2 Michael Murphy..... 4
F. C. Barry..... 2 Chas. E. Roper..... 4
John Danner..... 2 John M. Schneider..... 4
G. Elmer & Co..... 2 Alex Shaw..... 2
H. R. Graham..... 2 H. T. Sholly..... 2
John K. Grube..... 2 J. W. Unger..... 2
Anton Hammerly..... 2 P. S. Sowers..... 2
Chas. A. Hubbard..... 2 W. C. Thompson..... 10
R. C. & F. S. Kinball..... 2 J. W. Unger..... 1
F. E. McAlain..... 2 Angus Voght..... 2
R. H. Miller..... 2 F. A. Wise..... 2
A. Moore..... 2 W. H. Wyant..... 4
Jacob Miller..... 1
By order of the Board of Directors.
Feb 10-76
L. D. CLARK, Sec'y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LIBERAL TERMS guaranteed to Ladies and Gentlemen adapted to the business of Dressmaking. Gentlemen who drink, swear, smoke or chew need not apply to C. A. Burton & Co., East Charleston, Ohio.
MANHETIM LODGE NO. 481, I. O. O. F.
MEETS EVERY THURSDAY EVENING AT Odd Fellows Hall, south east Corner Public Square.
FRED HEINGARDNER, N. G. JULIUS HOOK, V. G.
ABRAHAM MILLER and RUDOLPH BAUMHOFF, Secretaries.
Jan 17-76

NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of the late Dr. C. J. Geiger, are hereby notified to call at once and settle their accounts.
MRS. L. A. GEIGER, Administrator.
Feb 24 76

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of John P. Wise, deceased, late of Stark township, Stark county, Ohio. WILLIAM STANLEY, Adm'r.
Feb. 21, 1876.

Executor's Notice.

The undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executor of the estate of John P. Mayer deceased, late of Paris township, Stark county, Ohio. JACOB SCHMACHTENBERGER, Executor.
Feb. 11, 1876.

SEEDS! SEEDS!